

Risiken erkennen – Gesundheit schützen

Potential "new area" such as Nanotechnology

Rolf F. Hertel

Essential Condition: Food Safety

Risk = Exposure x adverse effects

external

• exposure

internal

adverse effects
 irreversible

• severity code

• probability of an occurance



Nanomaterials: exposure scenarios

"natural"- soil, dust, aerosols, volcanic activity

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unintentionally
"man made" – eg. ultra fine dust (combustion product,
car-tyre abrasion, waste processing)
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intentionally

"man made" – eg. additives, "Canola Active Oil" (Phytosterol 30 nm) "Tip-Top Up Bread" (Australia Omega 3), LycoVit (BASF), β-Carotin (The Carotenoid Company)



Safety concept



Use of nanomaterial / exposure to nanomaterial: to facilitate / enable / optimise (economically) the process

Consequence: of interest are those effects due to "new" nanoscalic properties



Nanotechnology / Nanomaterial Elements of a definition

 engineered / man made / manufactured (intentionally produced)

- dimensions in the order of 100 nm
 - SSA (increasing with decreasing particle Ø) example: spheres of 100 nm Ø, unit density:
 60 m²/g
- properties (characteristic to nanoscale vs bulk)





Forms of nanomaterials

- free particles
- aggregated / agglomerated
- embedded (in a matrix)
- coated
- colloidal systems
- emulsions
- micelles
- liposomes
- degradability, solubility





Relevant (adverse) effects

Important: Particle Toxicology

- oral exposure (discussing food)
- ADME (Absorption, Distribution, Metabolism, Excretion)





Absorption

Gastro-intestinal unknown: free particles or - transformation - binding with components being present in the GI-tract

• Size of particles

the smaller the better (Polystyrene, Latex)

- pass through epithelial cells
 - transcytosis (enterocytes / normal digestion)
 - transcytosis (M-Cells in Peyer's patches)
- Pore size at tight junction: 0.3 0.1 nm



Distribution

- lymphatic system
- blood stream
- Liver, spleen, kidney,...
- interactions with proteins
- smaller-sized Particles: high widespread tissue distribution

Limited oral studies



Metabolism / Biotransformation

little knowledge

Excretion / Elimination

- urine, faeces,
- macrophages (lungs)





Toxicity

Oral studies are missing

in vitro

generation of reactive oxygen spezies

 consequence: damage to nucleic acid bases
 membrane lipids
 proteins
 to question: physiological relevance (high doses applied)

in vivo

chronic studies are missing



Nano-Carrier systems

- to carry intended macromolecules into the body / cells

Concern: - carry unintended contaminantes

→ immune reaction?

- particles in GI-tract speculation: inflammatory responses



Conclusion

Toxicity (special : particles)

- Inflammatory responses
- Genotoxicity (?)
- Paracelsus: Dosis sola venenum facit

Exposure

- Routine analytical methods are missing to detect, characterize and measure Nanoparticles in biological matrices (food, feed)

At present Risk Assessment: high degree of uncertainty





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Thank you for your attention

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