

Collecting and Sharing Data on **bee health**Towards a European Bee
Partnership

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Bee Health Workbench

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- Data availability & access
- Data collation & management
- Data analysis





OBJECTIVES

- Import and aggregate data relevant to bee health at several different scales from many different sources:
 - Micro: hive- and apiary-level conditions and activity
 - Meso: neighbourhood/landscape (crops, insecticides, pollution, infestations)
 - Macro: national/EU (pesticides, infestations, policy impacts)
- Understand how environmental factors and, eventually, policies may interact
- Target audience: beekeepers, scientists and policy-makers
- A demonstrator, not a production analytics platform





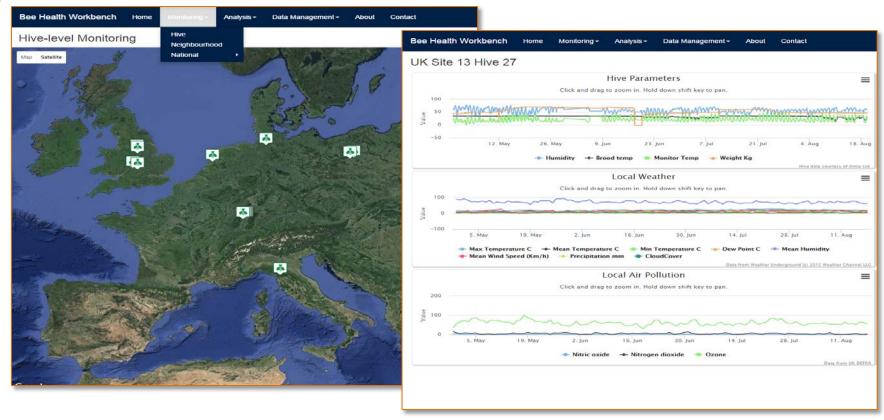
AVAILABLE DATA SOURCES (2016)

Data Type	Source	Geographic Coverage	Temporal Coverage	Open Source?
Hive behaviour (temps, humidity, weight, activity)	Arnia Ltd.	13 sites (GB, FR, NL, DE, PL, IT)	Apr-Aug 2014; real-time feasible	No, but have shared with us
Bee mortality, infestations	EpiloBee	16 EU countries	2013-14	Yes, Summary data
IIIIestations	EpiloBee	France	2013-14	No, Apiary-level mortality and disease data (restricted use)
Air pollution	Eurostat (national); UK DEFRA (regional)	EU National SO2, NO, NO2); UK regional (SO2, NO, NO2, O3)		Yes
Weather	Weather Underground	Worldwide (140K weather stations)	Real-time and daily historical	No, but free for non- commercial use
Crops (plantings and flowering dates)	UK DEFRA	UK regional	Historical	Yes
Insecticide Use	Eurostat (national); UK DEFRA	EU National	1999-2013 (EU incomplete); 1990-2014 (UK)	Yes
Regulatory Trends	European Commisson, News Sources	EU National	2008-2015	Yes

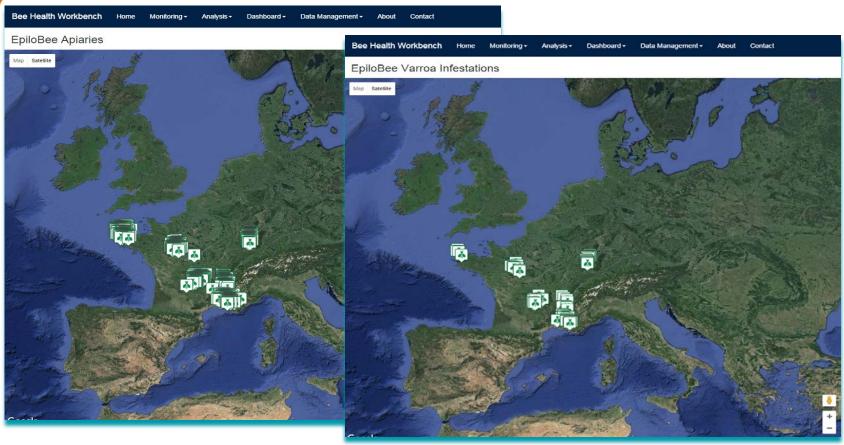




MONITORING: HIVE LEVEL

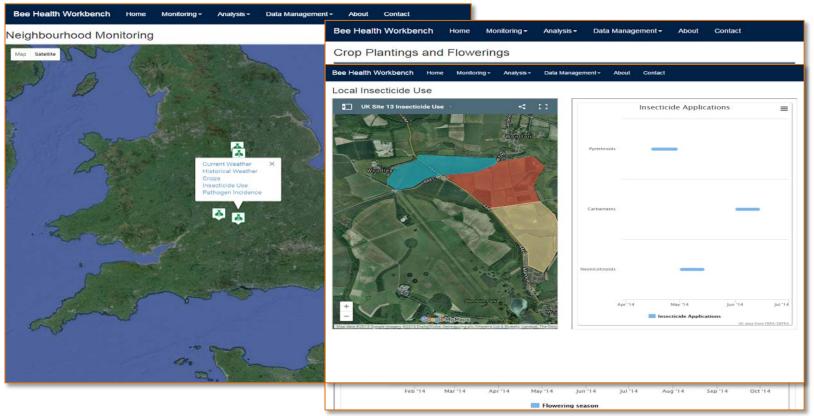


MONITORING: HIVE LEVEL



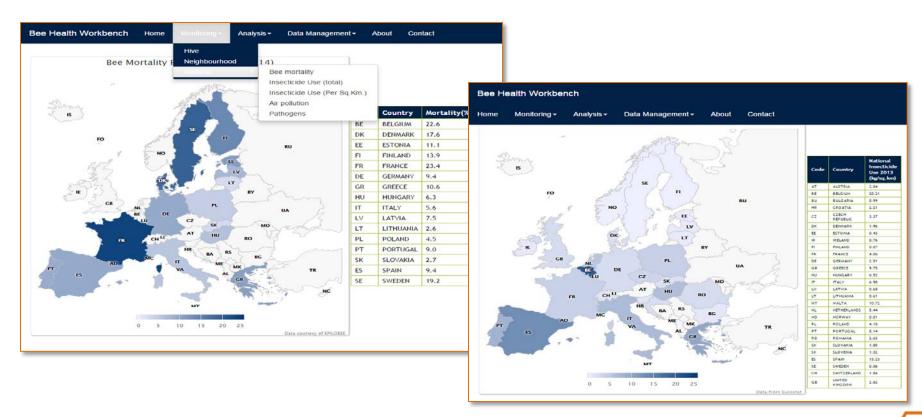


MONITORING: NEIGHBOURHOOD



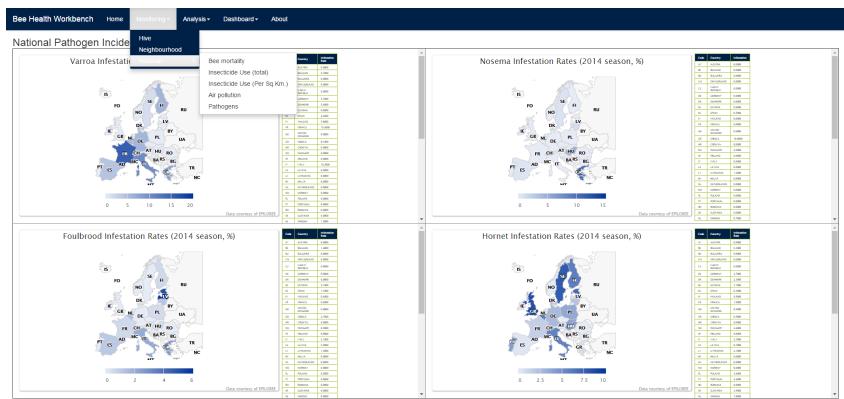


MONITORING: NATIONAL





MONITORING: NATIONAL





ANALYSIS: TRENDS



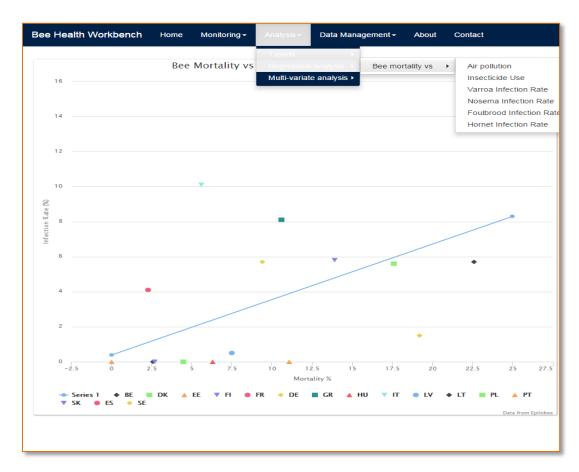


ANALYSIS: TRENDS





ANALYSIS: REGRESSIONS

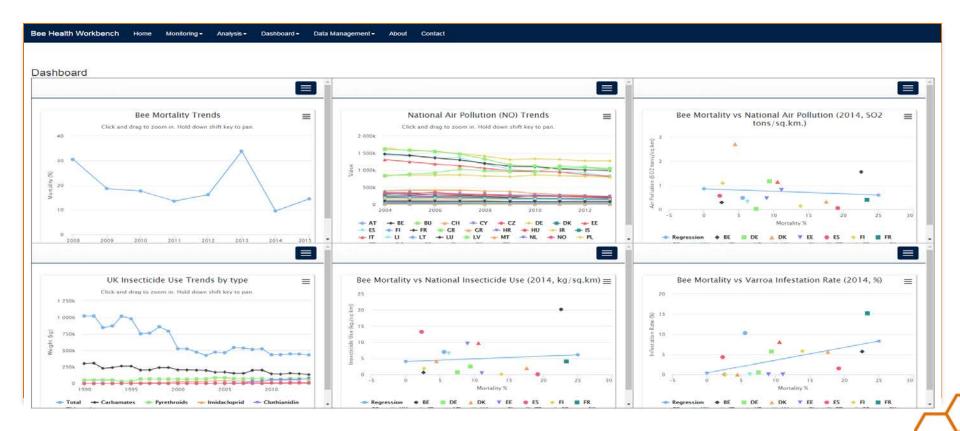




ANALYSIS: CORRELATIONS

		MIC	MIC-p^2	Regression analysis > PCA				
X var	Y var	(strength)	(nonlinearity)	monotonicity)	(Spearman Rank-order Correlation Kendall Rank-order Correlation		
Mortality (%)	Varroa Infection Rate (%)	0.31127	0.047622293	0.0		Maximal Information-based Non-Parametric (MII		
Mortality (%)	Hornet Infection Rate (%)	0.31127	0.21584651	0.0	0.31127	2.0	0.30890694	
Mortality (%)	Nosema Infection Rate (%)	0.24014	0.23179439	0.0	0.24014	2.0	-0.09135435	
Mortality (%)	Insecticide Use (kg/sq.km)	0.21899	0.20182869	0.0	0.21899	2.0	0.13100117	
Mortality (%)	Air pollution (SO2 tons/sq.km)	0.12425	0.10616452	0.0	0.12425	2.0	-0.13448226	
Mortality (%)	Foulbrood Infection Rate (%)	0.11369	0.100228816	0.0	0.11369	2.0	-0.11602233	
				ean, P. Turnbaugh, 4, 6062 (2011). Se			beti.	

DASHBOARD





LESSONS LEARNED

- Surprisingly limited available data at micro- and meso-scale
 - Not being collected?
 - Not being published?
 - Not public-domain?
- Even national data are sometimes incomplete or inconsistent
- Would crowd-sourcing help?
- Most scientific studies necessarily limited in scope and examine only a few variables at a time





WITH THANKS TO:

- Colleagues at Oxford Internet Institute and Technopolis Group
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